

POLIGLOTA

XIII KONKURS JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO DLA KANDYDATÓW DO LICEUM

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IMIĘ I NAZWISKO: _____

KLASA: _____ SZKOŁA: _____

WYNIK:

GOOD LUCK!

#1 **Przyporządkuj poszczególnym osobom (1-5) najbardziej odpowiednie filmy (A-H). Trzy filmy nie znajdują swoich amatorów. Wpisz litery w ponumerowane miejsca.**

- 1 _____ **Jo** is a nature lover. She enjoys films that are based on real life and from which she can learn something.
- 2 _____ **Sheila** has decided to take **her mother** to the cinema for her birthday. They both like love stories that have happy endings.
- 3 _____ **Brian** doesn't have very much free time, but he likes going to the cinema to relax, and enjoys a good laugh.
- 4 _____ **Adam** wants to take his **8-year-old son Mark** to the cinema. They want to see a film with plenty of excitement.
- 5 _____ **Harry and Joyce** particularly like detective stories and do not pay much attention to which actors are in the film as long as it isn't boring.

A *The Delivery*

Jim Treace stars in this well-known comedy about two workmen who have to deliver a long piece of wood to a house. But unfortunately the performances are poor, and the film is too long for such a simple joke.

B *And Tomorrow We Find You*

A fast-moving adult story about a San Francisco policeman, in danger. Based on a real-life happening, it keeps you guessing right until the last minute. Although there are no big stars, there are some fine performances.

C *The Ends of the Earth*

A story based on a real-life journey to the South Pole. This film contains some quite wonderful wildlife photography -make sure you see it while you have the chance, or you'll be sorry.

D *Island of Fire*

You get spectacular scenery and lots of thrills in this action-packed story, in which a young sea-captain rescues terrified villagers from a volcanic island in the South Seas.

E *Out of School*

Here we live through a day in the life of an American teenager who has problems not only with his parents and their boring friends but also with his first girlfriend who just doesn't seem to understand him.

F *A Time of Silence*

Don't forget your handkerchief for this story of a young college boy and girl who manage to survive all the pressures of modern life. And what an unforgettable wedding scene!

G *A Private Party*

A wonderfully funny comedy, which takes place in the 1940s. A reporter and his very worried wife try to save a sheep from the local butcher. The actors really make the most of this clever script.

H *Who Shot Malone?*

It's a surprise to see so many famous names wasting their time in this dull detective story. In the end you find yourself asking, 'Who cares?'

**#2 Uzupełnij tekst odpowiednimi fragmentami zamieszczonymi poniżej. Wpisz litery A-L w kratki 1-10.
Jeden fragment nie pasuje do tekstu.**

In Britain, cheating in exams, or school work, is not just seen by the authorities as undesirable, it is seen by the students themselves as offensive. If you copy somebody else's essay, you're not just taking objective data from them, you're actually 1. . So to cheat, in the British way of thinking, is seen - like plagiarism - as somehow shameful.

As to cheating, Polish students 2. . An informal study carried out by English teachers in the late 1990s, confirms this view. It found that 93.3% of students admitted to cheating at some time during the previous academic year. Cheating, it seems, is 3. .

In Polish schools, cheating is ignored. From a very early age, Polish children have to acquire 4. , and the weight of the books they have to carry to school and back would drive a camel to suicide. Cheating, therefore, can be viewed as 5. against the system, but if we go deeper we will see that cheating in school is a direct consequence of a specific mentality developed in Polish society by centuries of tyranny.

The most recent plague is plagiarism via the Internet. Students can search by using commonly-known search engines or go straight to one of the many so-called 'paper mills', where 6. , usually at a very low price. In the world, where 'creativity is great, but plagiarism is faster', is there anything that can be done to stop the newly-born cyber-cheat?

The consequences of cheating, 7. , can be serious. I remember when I was doing my 'A' levels in England, one boy was caught cheating in an exam. He wasn't allowed to complete the paper. And for all the other exams he had to sit by himself 8. , at the front of the room, so that everyone could see who he was.

If you want to better yourself, cheating is worse than useless. If you cheat and get away with it, you're 9. , not understanding that you've effectively done harm to yourself. You've cheated your school, classmates and teacher. You've cheated the education system and society. But most importantly, 10. .

- A *if you get caught in a British school***
- B *widespread in Polish educational establishments***
- C *a frightful amount of knowledge***
- D *at a desk up on a platform***
- E *a natural defence mechanism***
- F *stealing their own personal style and ideas***
- G *you have cheated yourself***
- H *plagiarise somebody else's work***
- I *hundreds of essays are on offer for downloading***
- K *do not have a good international reputation***
- L *tempted to do the same again***

#3 Przeczytaj tekst i zaznacz właściwą opcję – A, B, C lub D.

Some people have complained about this year's collection, *New Writing 3*, although I cannot understand why. Surely 500 pages of original writing of this quality, for £6.99, is pretty amazing?

Fiction - both parts of novels and complete short stories - makes up most of the book. There are some enjoyable pieces by famous writers, such as Candia McWilliam and Rose Tremain. It's a strange fact that the less well-known people seem to have written mainly about food. Take my advice about Jane Harris's *Those Nails* - this piece should definitely not be read just after meals. It contains some very unpleasant scenes which could turn your stomach! There is fine work from nineteen poets, including R. S. Thomas and John Burnside. There are pieces from novels-in-progress by Jim Crace and Jane Rogers. Finally, there is a little non-fiction, which includes a very funny article by Alan Rusbridger on certain newspapers, and an extraordinary piece about herself from Ursula Owen. This is an exceptional collection and I for one can't wait to see what next year's choice will include.

1. What is the writer trying to do in the text?

- A give her opinions about a new book
- B give some information about new writers
- C give some advice to writers
- D give her opinion of newspaper journalists

2. Why would somebody read the text?

- A to find out more details about something
- B to learn what next year's collection will contain
- C to find out about Alan Rusbridger's new novel
- D to decide whether to complain about something

3. What does the writer think of *New Writing 3*?

- A It's too long.
- B It's very amusing.
- C It's very good.
- D It's too serious.

4. How might you feel after reading Jane Harris's piece?

- A hungry
- B excited
- C unhappy
- D sick

5. Which of the following describes *New Writing 3*?

- A Great value: two novels, poems and articles for only £6.99
- B Great value: the best of new writing for only £6.99
- C Great value: poems by Tremain, Harris and Burnside for only £6.99
- D Great value: newspapers for a whole year for only £6.99

4 Uzupełnij poniższe zdania jednym słowem. Liczba kresek odpowiada liczbie liter.

1. We haven't got any butter left. Can't we use margarine _ _ _ t _ _ _ ?
2. You should choose lean meats, _ o _ _ _ _ y and fish so that you can cut down on fat.
3. The Olympic flag is composed of five differently coloured rings on a white b _ _ _ _ _ u _ _ .
4. The government has finally put a _ _ _ on hunting in order to protect these endangered animals.
5. British scientists have solved one of the world's greatest _ _ s _ _ _ i _ _ - why lobsters turn red when cooked.
6. The safest place to _ h _ _ _ _ r during a tornado is underground - for example, in a basement.
7. Archeologists and explorers have found _ v _ _ _ _ c _ of human existence dating back 400,000 years in this region of Africa.
8. The problem of deforestation is often due to the d _ m _ _ _ for trees and wood to use as fuel.
9. While 16 countries are happy to have a common c _ _ _ e _ _ _ , others like the Czech Republic are not adopting the euro in the near future.
10. For years Great Britain and Greece have been arguing over marble s _ _ _ _ _ s which were taken from the Parthenon temple in Athens.

5 Fragmenty zdań napisane drukowanymi literami przetłumacz na język angielski.

1. He didn't come to the party. He **MUSIAŁ ZAPOMNIEĆ**. _____
2. The money **ZOSTAŁY SKRADZONE** yesterday. _____
3. He **JEST** the hotel manager since graduation. _____
4. **ILE** fruit do you want in your smoothie? _____
5. **ŻADEN** of my two sons is married. _____
6. I'll let you know after the match **SIĘ SKOŃCZY**. _____
7. This is the **NAJDALSZA** planet in the solar system. _____
8. **JEGO NIE INTERESUJĄ** in your explanations. _____
9. **JAKI** is your new teacher like? _____
10. **CZY SA** any new information for me? _____

6 Czasowniki podane w nawiasach wstaw w odpowiedniej formie.

1. When I went out, I saw it _____ (**rain**) all night.
2. A: Where have you been?
B: I _____ (**pick**) apples.
3. So far she _____ (**try**) on at least ten dresses in this shop.
4. He promised he _____ (**help**) me the next weekend.
5. The police _____ (**question**) the witness when his lawyer arrived.
6. After we _____ (**break**) down the TV set, we couldn't watch the match.
7. I wish I _____ (**not/buy**) her such a tacky present. She must have been disappointed.
8. By the end of this year they _____ (**be**) married for 50 years.
9. All these sonnets _____ (**write**) by Shakespeare.
10. Do you fancy _____ (**play**) a game of tennis?

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clutch

Zadanie 1

- 1 - C
- 2 - F
- 3 - G
- 4 - D
- 5 - B

Zadanie 2

- 1 - F
- 2 - K
- 3 - B
- 4 - C
- 5 - E
- 6 - I
- 7 - A
- 8 - D
- 9 - L
- 10 - G

Zadanie 3

- 1 - A
- 2 - A
- 3 - C
- 4 - D
- 5 - B

Zadanie 4

1. instead
2. poultry
3. background
4. ban
5. mysteries
6. shelter
7. evidence
8. demand
9. currency
10. statues

Zadanie 5

1. must have forgotten
2. was stolen
3. has been
4. how much
5. neither
6. finishes, has finished, ends, had ended, is over
7. furthest / farthest
8. He is not interested
9. What
10. Is there

Zadanie 6

1. had been raining
2. have been picking
3. has tried
4. would help
5. were questioning, had questioned, were going to question
6. had broken down, broke down
7. hadn't bought
8. will have been
9. were written
10. playing